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# Swingtime Documentation

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### 1.1 Calendar application for Mezzanine using the fullcalendar.io widget

Mezzanine-fullcalendar is a calendar application for [Mezzanine](#), using the awesome [fullcalendar.io](#) javascript widget, which provides a modern looking calendar.

This project originally started out as a fork of [django-swingtime](#), but deviated so much from the original project, it is now a separate project.

#### 1.1.1 Current features

- Admin interface for managing events and their occurrences.
- Event categories
- Class based views for the calendar, JSON data, and an agenda view with upcoming events.
- Support for multiple sites

#### 1.1.2 Planned features

- Make use of the editing features of the fullcalendar javascript widget.
- Create forms for easily adding new events through the calendar.
- ICal export
- More tests and docs

#### 1.1.3 Requirements

- Python 2.7+, 3.4+
- Django 1.6+
- python-dateutil

## 1.2 Installation

### 1.2.1 Get Swingtime

Options:

- Source: <https://github.com/jonge-democraten/mezzanine-swingtime>
- `curl -o swingtime.zip -L https://github.com/jonge-democraten/mezzanine-swingtime/archive/master.zip`

## 1.3 Demo

### 1.3.1 Intro

Swingtime comes with its own demo project and application. The demo is themed as a Karate studio's website and allows you see and interact with the Swingtime application.

Within the Swingtime demo is an app named `karate`, which defines the custom management command `loaddemo`. This command will pre-populate your initial database with some events and occurrences based upon the current date and time.

Currently, Swingtime does not include any templates of its own. The demo project provides some sample templates to use as a guide or starting point.

### 1.3.2 Running the demo

Get the code:

```
$ git clone https://github.com/jonge-democraten/mezzanine-swingtime.git mezzanine-swingtime-master
```

– or –

```
$ curl -o swingtime.zip -L https://github.com/jonge-democraten/mezzanine-swingtime/archive/master.zip
$ unzip swingtime.zip
```

You can set up your environment to run the demo in a `virtualenv` by doing the following (please note that for the following commands you have already installed `virtualenv` and `virtualenvwrapper`):

```
$ cd mezzanine-swingtime-master/demo
$ mkvirtualenv swingtime_demo
$ pip install -r requirements.txt
$ pip install pytz django-extensions Sphinx # <-- optional
```

And, finally:

```
$ python manage.py loaddemo
$ python manage.py runserver
```

`loaddemo` is just a simple wrapper around `syncdb` and a short script to load some data into your new database (by default, a `sqlite3` database named `karate.db`) in the root directory of the demo.

Now, you are ready to browse to <http://127.0.0.1:8000/>

### 1.3.3 Optional

- Build the documentation files as HTML:

```
$ cd docs && make html # assumes you have Sphinx installed
```

- Run development server to check for deprecation warning:

```
$ python -Wd manage.py runserver
```

## 1.4 models — Swingtime Object Model Definitions

### 1.4.1 Functions

#### create\_event

`models.create_event(title, event_type[, description, start_time, end_time, note, **rrule_params])`

Convenience function to create an *Event*, optionally create an *EventType*, and associated *Occurrence* instances. *Occurrence* creation rules match those for *Event.add\_occurrences()*.

Returns the newly created *Event* instance.

Parameters

**event\_type** can be either an *EventType* object or 2-tuple of (abbreviation, label), from which an *EventType* is either created or retrieved.

**description** sets the event's description if not None

**start\_time** will default to the current hour if None

**end\_time** will default to start\_time plus `swingtime_settings.DEFAULT_OCCURRENCE_DURATION` hour if None

**note** if not None, add a Note instance to the new event

**rrule\_params** follows the dateutils API (see <http://labix.org/python-dateutil>)

Example:

```
from datetime import datetime, time
from swingtime import models as swingtime
from dateutil import rrule

event = swingtime.create_event(
    'Beginner Class',
    ('bgn', 'Beginner Classes'),
    description='Open to all beginners',
    start_time=datetime.combine(datetime.now().date(), time(19)),
    count=6,
    byweekday=(rrule.MO, rrule.WE, rrule.FR)
)
```

## 1.4.2 Classes

### Note

**class** `models.Note` (*django.db.models.Model*)

A generic model for adding simple, arbitrary notes to other models such as `Event` or `Occurrence`.

**note**  
    `models.TextField`

**created**  
    `models.DateTimeField`

### EventType

**class** `models.EventType` (*django.db.models.Model*)

Simple Event classification.

**abbr**  
    `models.CharField`

**label**  
    `models.CharField`

### Event

**class** `models.Event` (*django.db.models.Model*)

Container model for general metadata and associated `Occurrence` entries.

**title**  
    `models.CharField`

**description**  
    `models.CharField`

**event\_type**  
    `models.ForeignKey` for `EventType`

**notes**  
    `generic.GenericRelation` for `Note`

**get\_absolute\_url()**  
    `return ('swingtime-event', [str(self.id)])`

**add\_occurrences** (*start\_time, end\_time*[, *\*\*rrule\_params*])  
    Add one or more occurrences to the event using a comparable API to `dateutil.rrule`.

    If `rrule_params` does not contain a `freq`, one will be defaulted to `rrule.DAILY`.

    Because `rrule.rrule` returns an iterator that can essentially be unbounded, we need to slightly alter the expected behavior here in order to enforce a finite number of occurrence creation.

    If both `count` and `until` entries are missing from `rrule_params`, only a single `Occurrence` instance will be created using the exact `start_time` and `end_time` values.

**upcoming\_occurrences()**  
    Return all occurrences that are set to start on or after the current time.

**next\_occurrence()**  
    Return the single occurrence set to start on or after the current time if available, otherwise `None`.



**daily\_occurrences** (*[dt]*)  
 Convenience method wrapping `Occurrence.objects.daily_occurrences`.

## OccurrenceManager

**class** `models.OccurrenceManager` (*models.Manager*)

**daily\_occurrences** (*[dt, event]*)  
 Returns a queryset of for instances that have any overlap with a particular day.  
 Parameters  
**dt** may be either a `datetime.datetime`, `datetime.date` object, or `None`. If `None`, default to the current day  
**event** can be an `Event` instance for further filtering

## Occurrence

**class** `models.Occurrence` (*django.db.models.Model*)  
 Represents the start end time for a specific occurrence of a master `Event` object.

**start\_time**  
`models.DateTimeField`  
**end\_time**  
`models.DateTimeField`  
**event**  
`models.ForeignKey` - a non-editable `Event` object  
**notes**  
`generic.GenericRelation` `Note`  
**get\_absolute\_url** ()  
 'swingtime-occurrence', [str(self.event.id), str(self.id)]  
**\_\_cmp\_\_** ()  
 Compare two `Occurrence` start times  
**title**  
 Shortcut for the occurrence's `Event.title`  
**event\_type**  
 Shortcut for the occurrence's `EventType`

## 1.5 views — Swingtime Views

### 1.5.1 Functions

#### event\_listing

`views.event_listing` (*request* [, *template='swingtime/event\_list.html'*, *events=None*, *\*\*extra\_context*])  
 View all events.  
 If `events` is a queryset, clone it. If `None` default to all `Event` objects.

Context parameters:

**events** an iterable of `Event` objects

**extra\_context** extra variables passed to the template context

### `event_view`

```
views.event_view(request, pk[, template='swingtime/event_detail.html',  
                    event_form_class=forms.EventForm, recurrence_form_class=forms.MultipleOccurrenceForm  
                    ])
```

View an `Event` instance and optionally update either the event or its occurrences.

Context parameters:

**event** the event keyed by `pk`

**event\_form** a form object for updating the event

**recurrence\_form** a form object for adding occurrences

### `occurrence_view`

```
views.occurrence_view(request, event_pk, pk[, template='swingtime/occurrence_detail.html',  
                    form_class=forms.SingleOccurrenceForm ])
```

View a specific occurrence and optionally handle any updates.

Context parameters:

**occurrence** the occurrence object keyed by `pk`

**form** a form object for updating the occurrence

### `add_event`

```
views.add_event(request[, template='swingtime/add_event.html', event_form_class=forms.EventForm,  
                    recurrence_form_class=forms.MultipleOccurrenceForm ])
```

Add a new `Event` instance and 1 or more associated `Occurrence` instances.

Context parameters:

**dtstart** a `datetime.datetime` object representing the GET request value if present, otherwise `None`

**event\_form** a form object for updating the event

**recurrence\_form** a form object for adding occurrences

### `_datetime_view`

```
views._datetime_view(request template, dt[, timeslot_factory=None, items=None, params=None ])
```

Build a time slot grid representation for the given datetime `dt`. See `utils.create_timeslot_table` documentation for items and params.

Context parameters:

**day** the specified datetime value (`dt`)

**next\_day** day + 1 day

**prev\_day** day - 1 day

**timeslots** time slot grid of (time, cells) rows

### **day\_view**

`views.day_view(request, year, month, day[, template='swingtime/daily_view.html', **params])`  
See documentation for function “\_datetime\_view”.

### **today\_view**

`views.today_view(request[, template='swingtime/daily_view.html', **params])`  
See documentation for function “\_datetime\_view”.

### **year\_view**

`views.year_view(request, year[, template='swingtime/yearly_view.html', queryset=None])`  
Context parameters:

**year** an integer value for the year in question

**next\_year** year + 1

**last\_year** year - 1

**by\_month** a sorted list of (month, occurrences) tuples where month is a `datetime.datetime` object for the first day of a month and occurrences is a (potentially empty) list of values for that month. Only months which have at least 1 occurrence is represented in the list

### **month\_view**

`views.month_view(request, year, month[, template='swingtime/monthly_view.html', queryset=None])`  
Render a traditional calendar grid view with temporal navigation variables.

Context parameters:

**today** the current `datetime.datetime` value

**calendar** a list of rows containing (day, items) cells, where day is the day of the month integer and items is a (potentially empty) list of occurrence for the day

**this\_month** a `datetime.datetime` representing the first day of the month

**next\_month** this\_month + 1 month

**last\_month** this\_month - 1 month

## **1.6 forms — Swingtime Forms**

Convenience forms for adding and updating `Event` and `Occurrence` objects.

## 1.6.1 Functions

### `timeslot_options`

```
forms.timeslot_options([interval=swingtime_settings.TIMESLOT_INTERVAL,
                        start_time=swingtime_settings.TIMESLOT_START_TIME,
                        end_delta=swingtime_settings.TIMESLOT_END_TIME_DURATION,
                        fmt=swingtime_settings.TIMESLOT_TIME_FORMAT])
```

Create a list of time slot options for use in swingtime forms.

The list is comprised of 2-tuples containing a 24-hour time value and a 12-hour temporal representation of that offset.

### `timeslot_offset_options`

```
forms.timeslot_offset_options([interval=swingtime_settings.TIMESLOT_INTERVAL,
                               start_time=swingtime_settings.TIMESLOT_START_TIME,
                               end_delta=swingtime_settings.TIMESLOT_END_TIME_DURATION,
                               fmt=swingtime_settings.TIMESLOT_TIME_FORMAT])
```

Create a list of time slot options for use in swingtime forms.

The list is comprised of 2-tuples containing the number of seconds since the start of the day and a 12-hour temporal representation of that offset.

## 1.6.2 Data

### `default_timeslot_options`

```
forms.default_timeslot_options
defaults to timeslot_options()
```

### `default_timeslot_offset_options`

```
forms.default_timeslot_offset_options
defaults to timeslot_offset_options()
```

## 1.6.3 Classes

### `MultipleIntegerField`

```
class forms.MultipleIntegerField(django.forms.MultipleChoiceField)
```

A form field for handling multiple integers.

```
def __init__(self, choices, size=None, label=None, widget=None):
```

```
    if widget is None: widget = forms.SelectMultiple(attrs={'size' : size or len(choices)})
```

### `SplitDateTimeWidget`

```
class forms.SplitDateTimeWidget(django.forms.MultiWidget)
```

A Widget that splits datetime input into a SelectDateWidget for dates and Select widget for times.

```
__init__(attrs=None)
    uses widgets SelectDateWidget and forms.Select (choices=default_timeslot_options)
```

### MultipleOccurrenceForm

```
class forms.MultipleOccurrenceForm(django.forms.Form)
```

```
    day
        forms.DateField

    start_time_delta
        forms.IntegerField

    end_time_delta
        forms.IntegerField

    repeats
        forms.ChoiceField

    count
        forms.IntegerField

    until
        forms.DateField

    freq
        forms.IntegerField

    interval
        forms.IntegerField

    week_days
        MultipleIntegerField

    month_ordinal
        forms.IntegerField

    month_ordinal_day
        forms.IntegerField

    each_month_day = MultipleIntegerField(

    year_months
        MultipleIntegerField

    is_year_month_ordinal
        forms.BooleanField(required=False)

    year_month_ordinal
        forms.IntegerField(widget=forms.Select(choices=ORDINAL))

    year_month_ordinal_day
        forms.IntegerField(widget=forms.Select(choices=WEEKDAY_LONG))

    __init__([*args, **kws])
        if initial contains dtstart - a datetime.datetime instance - the appropriate unspecified
        initial will be defaulted for the form.

    clean()
        populates cleaned_data with start_time and end_time values
```

**save(event) :**  
Returns an `Event` object

#### **EventForm**

**class forms.EventForm**(*django.forms.ModelForm*)  
A simple form for adding and updating `Event` attributes

#### **SingleOccurrenceForm**

**class forms.SingleOccurrenceForm**(*django.forms.ModelForm*)  
A simple form for adding and updating single `Occurrence` attributes

## 1.7 utils — Swingtime Utilities

Common features and functions for swingtime

### 1.7.1 Functions

#### **html\_mark\_safe**

**utils.html\_mark\_safe**(*func*)  
Decorator for functions return strings that should be treated as template safe.

#### **time\_delta\_total\_seconds**

**utils.time\_delta\_total\_seconds**(*time\_delta*)  
Calculate the total number of seconds represented by a `datetime.timedelta` object

#### **month\_boundaries**

**utils.month\_boundaries**(*[dt=None]*)  
Return a 2-tuple containing the `datetime` instances for the first and last dates of the current month or using `dt` as a reference.

#### **css\_class\_cycler**

**utils.css\_class\_cycler**()  
Return a dictionary keyed by *EventType* abbreviations, whose values are an iterable or cycle of CSS class names.

### create\_timeslot\_table

```
utils.create_timeslot_table([dt=None, items=None, start_time=swingtime_settings.TIMESLOT_START_TIME,
                             end_time_delta=swingtime_settings.TIMESLOT_END_TIME_DURATION,
                             time_delta=swingtime_settings.TIMESLOT_INTERVAL,
                             min_columns=swingtime_settings.TIMESLOT_MIN_COLUMNS,
                             css_class_cycles=css_class_cycler, proxy_class=DefaultOccurrenceProxy
                             ])
```

Create a grid-like object representing a sequence of times (rows) and columns where cells are either empty or reference a wrapper object for event occasions that overlap a specific time slot.

Currently, there is an assumption that if an occurrence has a `start_time` that falls with the temporal scope of the grid, then that `start_time` will also match an interval in the sequence of the computed row entries.

**dt** a `datetime.datetime` instance or `None` to default to now

**items** a queryset or sequence of *Occurrence* instances. If `None`, default to the daily occurrences for `dt`

**start\_time** a `datetime.time` instance, defaulting to `swingtime_settings.TIMESLOT_START_TIME`

**end\_time\_delta** a `datetime.timedelta` instance, defaulting to `swingtime_settings.TIMESLOT_END_TIME_DURATION`

**time\_delta** a `datetime.timedelta` instance, defaulting to `swingtime_settings.TIMESLOT_INTERVAL`

**min\_column** the minimum number of columns to show in the table, defaulting to `swingtime_settings.TIMESLOT_MIN_COLUMNS`

**css\_class\_cycles** if not `None`, a callable returning a dictionary keyed by desired `EventType` abbreviations with values that iterate over progressive CSS class names for the particular abbreviation; defaults to `css_class_cycler()`

**proxy\_class** a wrapper class for accessing an *Occurrence* object, which should also expose `event_type` and `event_class` attrs, and handle the custom output via its `__unicode__` method; defaults to *DefaultOccurrenceProxy*

## 1.7.2 Classes

### BaseOccurrenceProxy

**class** `utils.BaseOccurrenceProxy` (*object*)

A simple wrapper class for handling the representational aspects of an *Occurrence* instance.

### DefaultOccurrenceProxy

**class** `utils.DefaultOccurrenceProxy` (*BaseOccurrenceProxy*)

Through the `__unicode__` method, outputs a **safe** string anchor tag for the *Occurrence* instance, followed by simple token placeholders to represent additional slot fillings.

## 1.8 swingtime\_settings — Configuration Settings

### 1.8.1 Settings

Swingtime has its settings module (`conf/swingtime_settings.py`) that simulates how each Django project's `setting.py` file functions. You can overwrite any or all of the configuration parameters described in

`swingtime_settings` by creating a file in your own project and referencing that file in your project settings using the name `SWINGTIME_SETTINGS_MODULE`.

For example, from the demo’s configuration:

```
SWINGTIME_SETTINGS_MODULE = 'demo.swingtime_settings'
```

`swingtime_settings.TIMESLOT_TIME_FORMAT`

A “strftime” string for formatting start and end time selectors in forms. The default format is:

```
'%I:%M %p'
```

`swingtime_settings.TIMESLOT_INTERVAL`

Used for creating start and end time form selectors as well as time slot grids. Value should be `datetime.timedelta` value representing the incremental differences between temporal options. The default is:

```
`datetime.timedelta(minutes=15)`
```

`swingtime_settings.TIMESLOT_START_TIME`

A `datetime.time` value indicating the starting time for time slot grids and form selectors. The default is:

```
`datetime.time(9)`
```

`swingtime_settings.TIMESLOT_END_TIME_DURATION`

A `datetime.timedelta` value indicating the offset value from `TIMESLOT_START_TIME` for creating time slot grids and form selectors. The purpose for using a time delta is that it possible to span dates. For instance, one could have a starting time of 3pm (15:00) and wish to indicate a ending value 1:30am (01:30), in which case a value of `datetime.timedelta(hours=10.5)` could be specified to indicate that the 1:30 represents the following date’s time and not the current date. Default:

```
`datetime.timedelta(hours=+8)`
```

`swingtime_settings.TIMESLOT_MIN_COLUMNS`

Indicates a minimum value (default: 4) for the number grid columns to be shown in the time slot table.

`swingtime_settings.DEFAULT_OCCURRENCE_DURATION`

Indicate the default length in time for a new occurrence, specified by using a `datetime.timedelta` object, defaulting to:

```
`datetime.timedelta(hours=+1)`
```

`swingtime_settings.CALENDAR_FIRST_WEEKDAY`

If not None, passed to `calendar.setfirstweekday` function. Default: 6

## 1.9 Changes in Swingtime

### 1.9.1 Release 0.4 (September 18, 2014)

- Added support for Python 3.4

### 1.9.2 Release 0.3.3 (September 17, 2014)

- Added support for Django 1.5, 1.6, 1.7



### 1.9.3 Release 0.2.2 (March 16, 2013)

- Registered in PyPI
- Installs with *pip*

### 1.9.4 Release 0.2 (Decemeber 18, 2008)

- First public release.



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